Epidural Pain Relief for Labor and Delivery

An epidural is often used for pain relief during labor and delivery. A small flexible tube is put in the lower back. Medicine is injected into the tube to provide pain relief in the lower abdomen, legs and birth canal. A special doctor called an anesthesiologist will place the tube in your back.

How is the procedure done?

- Your nurse will help you stay in the position while the tube is being put in.

  - You may be asked to lie on your left side and bring your knees up to your stomach as far as you can. Arch your lower back. A roll will be put under your left hip.

  or

  - You may be asked to sit on the side of your bed and lean over a table to round your back.
Xanuun ilowsiiska Epidural ee foosha iyo dhalmada

Epidural waxaa loo adeegsadaa had iyo jeer inay ku ilowsiiso xanuunka xilliga foosha iyo dhalmada. Tuubo yar oo jilicsan ayaa lagaa galiyaa dhabarka. Dawo ayaa lagu mudda arkaas tuubada si ay kaaga nafísimo xanuunka ubucda hoose, lugaha iyo dariiqa dhalmada. Dhakhtar gaar ah oo loo yaqaano anesthesioligist ayaa tuubada kaa galin doona dhabarka.

Waa sidee habka loo sameeyo?

- Kalkaalisadaada caafimaad ayaa kaa caawin doonta inaad u si gaar ah u joogto ama u jiiftid si laguu galinayo tuubada.

  ▶ Waxaa lagu waydiin karaa inaad u seexato dhinaca bidixda oo aad soo laabto jilbaahaaga oo caloosha geliso ilaa intaad kari karto. Soo xood dhabarkaaga. Waxaa laguu hoos dhigi doonaa duub misigtaada bidix.

**amase**

  ▶ Waxaa lagu waydiin karaa inaad ku fadhiisato sariirtaada dhinaceeda oo isu janjeedhiso dhinaca miiska si dhabarkaagu u xoodmo.
• The doctor cleans your lower back.
• A numbing medicine is injected into the lower back. You may feel a sting or burning.
• The staff will ask you to put your chin to your chest and push your back out.
• The doctor puts a needle into the numbed area and positions the tube into the epidural space around your spinal cord.

• Breathe slowly and deeply. Relax and do not move. (If you have a contraction, use breathing and relaxation techniques.)

• The needle is removed and the soft tube will stay in your back. Tape will hold it in place.

Possible Side Effects
• Pain relief may vary. Most women get good pain relief from an epidural.
• You will be able to move your legs. Your legs may feel slightly numb or weak, especially if you receive a stronger dose of medicine. You will be asked to stay in bed for your safety.
• Dhakhtarku wuxuu nadiifyaa dhabarkaaga hoose.
• Dawo kabuubyeyn ayaa lagu mudaa dhabarkaaga hoostiisa. Waxaad dareemi kartaa muditaanka irbadda ama hafeef.
• Shaqaalahu waxay ku waydiin doonaan gadhkaaga inaad ku dhejiso laabtaada oo aad dhabarkaaga xoog u soo riixdo.
• Dhakhtarku wuxuu ku mudi doonaar irbadda meesha la suuxiyey oo uu gelin doonaa tuubada madhanta laf-dhabarka (epidural space) ee u dhow agagaarka xangullada.

• Si deggan u neefso oo qoto dheer. Is-degi oo **ha is dhaqaajin**. (Haddii uu maroojis ku hayo, samee farsamada neefsashada iyo isdebcinta.)

• Irbadda waa lagaa saari laakiin tuubada jilicsani waxay ku hadhi doontaa dhabarkaaga. Waxaa kugu hayn doona balastar yar.

**Waxyaabaha ay keeni karto**

• Xanuun ilowsiisku wuu kala duwanaan karaa. Dumarka badankodu waxay ka helaan epidural-ka xanuun ilowsiis.
• Waxaad dhaqaajin kartaa lugahaaga. Waxa laga yaabaa inaad dareento in lugahaagu yara suuxsan yiihiin ama yara tabardaran yiihiin, gaar ahaan haddii lagu siiyo cabir xoogan oo ah dawada. Waxaa lagu fari doonaa inaad sariirta dul jiifto ammaankaaga daraadii.
• An epidural may slow or speed up labor. The amount of medicine can be changed as needed to make sure you stay comfortable or if you or your doctor wants you to be able to push more.
• On rare occasions, there is the possible side effect of a headache after delivery.

When Not to Have an Epidural
If you have or think you may have any of these conditions, tell your doctor or nurse.
• Bleeding problems
• Infection in the lower back area
• Previous lower back surgery
• Blood pressure problems
• Nerve problems
• Drug abuse

Talk to your doctor or nurse if you have any questions or concerns.
• Epidural-ku wuxuu soo dedejin karaa ama raajin karaa umusha. Inta dawo lagu siinayaa waxay ku xidhan tahay sida aad ugu baahan tahay si loo hubsado inaad heshid nafisaad ama haddii adiga ama dhakhtarkaagu rabo inaad awoodid inaad sameysid riixid intii hore ka badan.

• Xaalado aad u yar, waxaa jirta in ay dhacdo madax xanuun umulaadda ka dib.

**Markee Baan la Samayn Karin Epidural**

Haddii aad leedahay, amase u malaynaysid, xaaladahan soo socdaa inay jiraan, u sheeg dhakhtarkaaga ama kalkaalisada.

• Dhibaato dhiigbax

• Caabuq aad dhabarka hoose ku leedahay

• Haddii dhabarka hore lagaaga qalay

• Dhibaatooyin cadaadis dhiig ama dhiigkar

• Dhibaato dareemeyaasha

• Maandooriye aad isticmaasho

**La hadal dhakhtarkaaga ama kalkaalisada haddii aad qabtid su’aalo ama walaac.**